

Spamhaus Botnet Threat Update



Q2 2023

The number of botnet command control (C&C) servers plateaued in Q2 of this year, with a minimal +1% increase. Nevertheless, given the +23% increase in Q1, it would have been good to have seen numbers decrease.

The misuse of the legitimate penetration testing tool Cobalt Strike remains a top threat, and our researchers are not seeing a reduction in active botnet C&Cs across hosting providers whose increases in Q1 were abnormally high.

Welcome to the Spamhaus Botnet Threat Update Q2 2023.

About this report

Spamhaus tracks both Internet Protocol (IP) addresses and domain names used by threat actors for hosting botnet command & control (C&C) servers. This data enables us to identify associated elements, including the geolocation of the botnet C&Cs, the malware associated with them, the top-level domains used when registering a domain for a botnet C&C, the sponsoring registrars and the network hosting the botnet C&C infrastructure.

This report provides an overview of the number of botnet C&Cs associated with these elements, along with a quarterly comparison. We discuss the trends we are observing and highlight service providers struggling to control the number of botnet operators abusing their services.



Number of botnet C&Cs observed, Q2 2023

In Q2 2023, Spamhaus identified 8,438 botnet C&Cs compared to 8,358 in Q1 2023. This was a +1% increase quarter on quarter. The monthly average increased from 2,786 in Q1 to 2,813 botnet C&Cs per month in Q2 2023.

| Quarter | No. of Botnets | Quarterly Average | % Change |
|---------|----------------|-------------------|----------|
| Q3 2022 | 4,331 | 1,444 | +38% |
| Q4 2022 | 6,775 | 2,258 | +56% |
| Q1 2023 | 8,358 | 2,786 | +23% |
| Q2 2023 | 8,438 | 2,813 | +1% |



What are botnet command & controllers?

A 'botnet controller,' 'botnet C2' or 'botnet command & control' server is commonly abbreviated to 'botnet C&C.' Fraudsters use these to both control malware-infected machines and extract personal and valuable data from malware-infected victims.

Botnet C&Cs play a vital role in operations conducted by cybercriminals who are using infected machines to send out spam or ransomware, launch DDoS attacks, commit e-banking fraud or click-fraud, or mine cryptocurrencies such as Bitcoin.

Desktop computers and mobile devices, like smartphones, aren't the only machines that can become infected. There is an increasing number of devices connected to the internet, for example, the Internet of Things (IoT), devices like webcams, network attached storage (NAS), and many more items. These are also at risk of becoming infected.

Geolocation of botnet C&Cs, Q2 2023

The Americas are on the rise (again)

The United States has topped the charts for the past four quarterly reports, and this quarter is no exception. In this Q2 Top 20, the US hosted 37% of all botnet C&Cs observed by our researchers. However, their increase against last quarter's numbers was a minimal +4%, unlike Mexico, which experienced a +130% increase, along with Canada, which had a +41% increase.

Decreases across Europe

Having reported increases across European countries hosting botnet C&Cs for the past year, there was finally a reduction in Q2. Almost every country that experienced decreases in our Top 20 was European, with Switzerland (-45%), the Netherlands (-26%), and Germany (-24%) all experiencing meaningful reductions.



New entries











Korea (the Republic of) (#18),
Italy (#20).











Departures

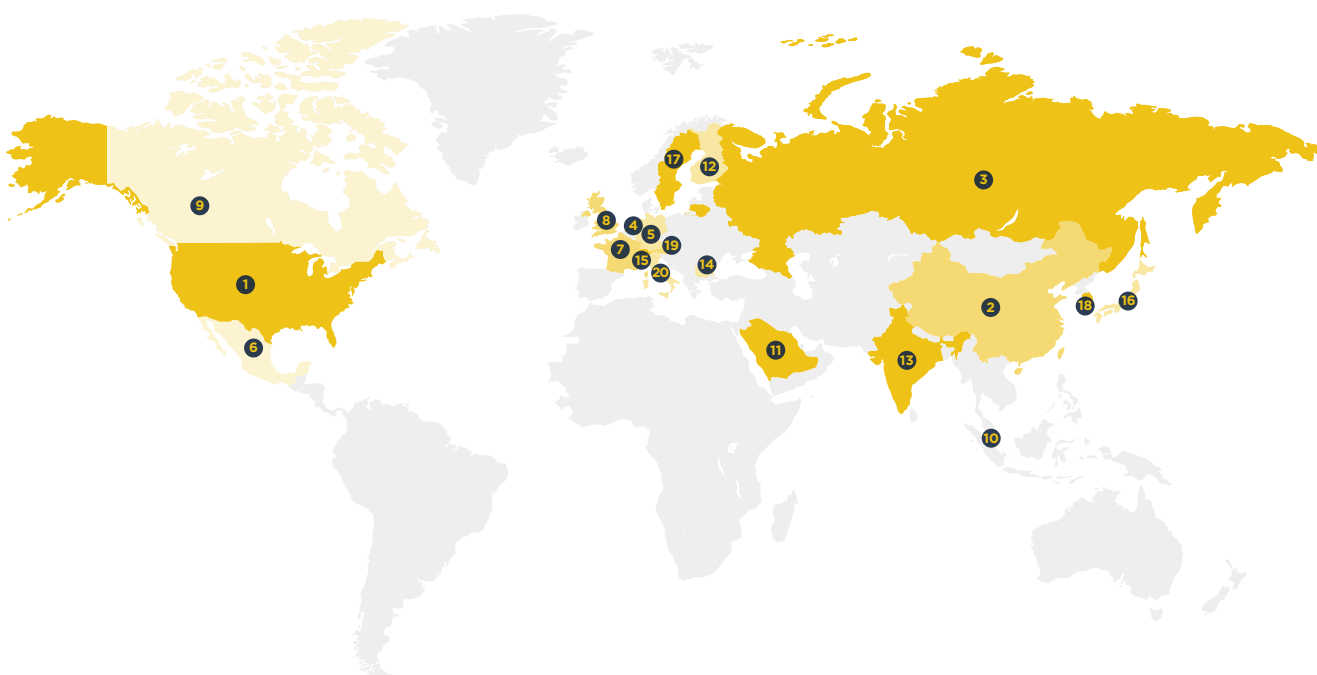
Lithuania, Poland.

Geolocation of botnet C&Cs, Q2 2023 (continued)

Top 20 locations of botnet C&Cs

| Rank | Country | Q1 2023 | Q2 2023 | % Change Q on Q |
|------|--|---------|---------|-----------------|
| #1 | United States  | 1857 | 1935 | 4% |
| #2 | China  | 993 | 1333 | 34% |
| #3 | Russia  | 811 | 667 | -18% |
| #4 | Netherlands  | 683 | 503 | -26% |
| #5 | Germany  | 609 | 465 | -24% |
| #6 | Mexico  | 127 | 292 | 130% |
| #7 | France  | 319 | 288 | -10% |
| #8 | United Kingdom  | 249 | 243 | -2% |
| #9 | Canada  | 154 | 217 | 41% |
| #10 | Singapore  | 152 | 153 | 1% |

| Rank | Country | Q1 2023 | Q2 2023 | % Change Q on Q |
|------|---|---------|---------|-----------------|
| #11 | Saudi Arabia  | 113 | 135 | 19% |
| #12 | Finland  | 135 | 128 | -5% |
| #13 | India  | 115 | 121 | 5% |
| #14 | Bulgaria  | 109 | 114 | 5% |
| #15 | Switzerland  | 164 | 91 | -45% |
| #16 | Japan  | 101 | 90 | -11% |
| #17 | Sweden  | 100 | 87 | -13% |
| #18 | Korea (Rep. of)  | - | 79 | New entry |
| #19 | Austria  | 70 | 76 | 9% |
| #20 | Italy  | - | 71 | New entry |



Malware associated with botnet C&Cs, Q2 2023

Cobalt Strike and Qakbot remain prevalent

Anyone with a keen eye will note that this is the same headline from Q1, meaning that this is now the fourth quarter Cobalt Strike has been in the #1 spot. However, the gap is closing between its nearest rival, Qakbot. In Q1, Cobalt Strike was associated with +160% more malware than Qakbot. However, this quarter the difference was “only” +85% more.

Is FluBot still operational?

[Europol announced](#) in June 2022 that FluBot had been taken down, so you may be questioning why we are showing an 80% increase in the number of botnet C&Cs associated with this malware?

As we’ve discussed in previous publications, FluBot used a “FastFlux” technique to host its botnet C&Cs. The same botnet infrastructure also serves as C&Cs for other malware families, such as TeamBot. To make our internal tracking easier, we continue to label the associated infrastructure as FluBot, but this is effectively hosting all kinds of other botnet C&C badness.

Misuse of penetration testing test tools is on the rise

Given the prevalence of Cobalt Strike, it will come as no surprise that malware related to penetration testing tools account for the largest percentage of associated botnet C&Cs. The situation was exacerbated in Q2 by Sliver, which moved up the chart two places, with a +41% increase.



What is Cobalt Strike?

Cobalt Strike is a legitimate commercial penetration testing tool that allows an attacker to deploy an “agent” on a victim’s machine.

Sadly, it is extensively used by threat actors with malicious intent, for example, to deploy ransomware.



New entries

QuasarRAT (#12), Havoc (#14), Hydra (#18).

Departures

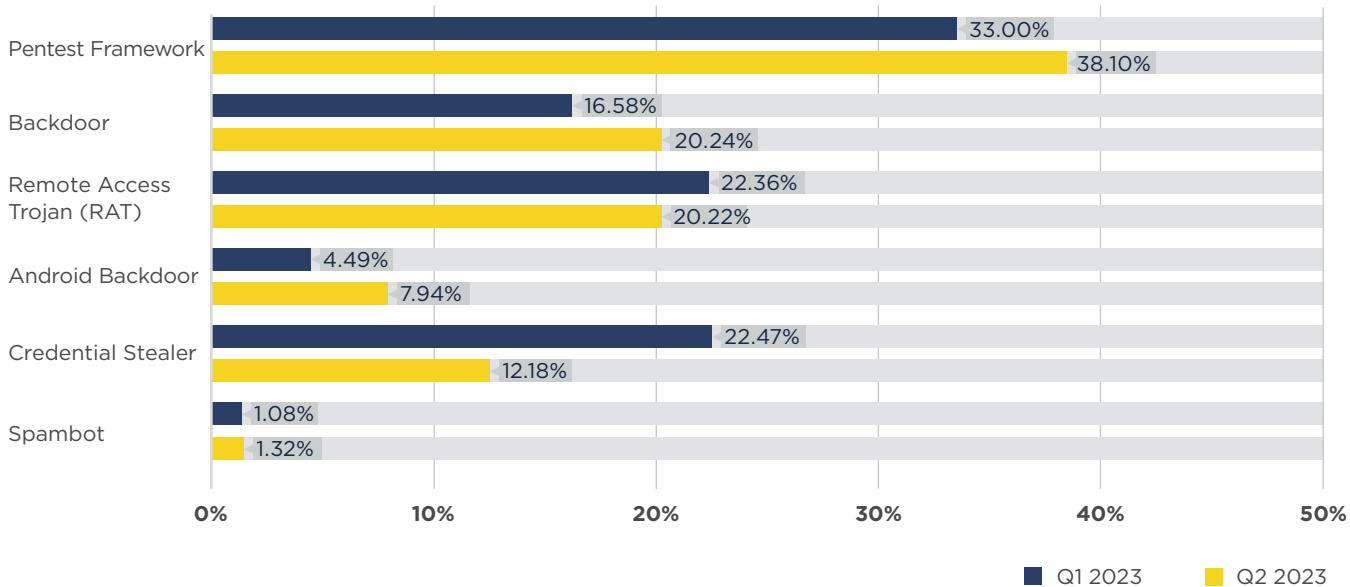
Amadey, Emotet, Vidar.

Malware associated with botnet C&Cs, Q2 2023 (continued)

Malware families associated with botnet C&Cs

| Rank | Q1 2023 | Q2 2023 | % Change | Malware Family | Description |
|------|---------|---------|-----------|----------------|----------------------------|
| #1 | 2182 | 2501 | 15% | Cobalt Strike | Pentest Framework |
| #2 | 969 | 1349 | 39% | Qakbot | Backdoor |
| #3 | 332 | 596 | 80% | Flubot | Android Backdoor |
| #4 | 889 | 548 | -38% | RecordBreaker | Credential Stealer |
| #5 | 380 | 456 | 20% | AsyncRAT | Remote Access Trojan (RAT) |
| #6 | 256 | 361 | 41% | Sliver | Pentest Framework |
| #7 | 417 | 258 | -38% | RedLineStealer | Remote Access Trojan (RAT) |
| #8 | 254 | 254 | 0% | Remcos | Remote Access Trojan (RAT) |
| #9 | 321 | 206 | -36% | IcedID | Credential Stealer |
| #10 | 194 | 145 | -25% | ISFB | Remote Access Trojan (RAT) |
| #11 | 185 | 132 | -29% | DCRat | Remote Access Trojan (RAT) |
| #12 | - | 113 | New entry | QuasarRAT | Remote Access Trojan (RAT) |
| #13 | 80 | 99 | 24% | Tofsee | Spambot |
| #14 | - | 98 | New entry | Havoc | Backdoor |
| #15 | 155 | 82 | -47% | NjRAT | Remote Access Trojan (RAT) |
| #16 | 67 | 79 | 18% | AveMaria | Remote Access Trojan (RAT) |
| #17 | 175 | 73 | -58% | Bumblebee | Backdoor |
| #18 | - | 61 | New entry | Hydra | Credential Stealer |
| #19 | 143 | 53 | -63% | Aurora Stealer | Credential Stealer |
| #20 | 168 | 47 | -72% | Rhadamanthys | Credential Stealer |

Malware type comparisons between Q1 2023 and Q2 2023



Most abused top-level domains, Q2 2023

The TLD botnet landscape after Freenom's issues

Last quarter we reported on the [Freenom effect](#); whereby malicious operators were moving to the next best thing to free domain names - the cheapest ones available.

In Q1, researchers witnessed huge increases, i.e., +1,569% for .us, which we attributed to the Freenom effect. In Q2, the botnet C&C TLD landscape settled down somewhat. The largest increase experienced was +133% for .cloud, run by ARUBA PEC SpA, one of the largest domain registries in Europe. This placed the TLD at #5, up from #20 in Q1.

New entry at #2 for .rest

New entrant .rest is run by Punto 2012, a Mexican-based registry running gTLDs for restaurants and bars. We suspect the restaurant industry focused gTLD has been running a promotion to drive domain registrations. As we all know, where cheap domains prevail, criminal activity will follow.

We recommend Punto 2012 work with its registrars to improve vetting and registration processes.

Botnet operators Cyou

ShortDot registry had 161 botnet C&Cs using its TLD, .cyou, in Q2. This is a large increase of 112% quarter on quarter. No doubt this is because .cyou domains are available for next to nothing (at the time of publication, we've found them available for \$2.55 for the first year).

Meanwhile, ShortDot's .cfd (ClothingFashionDesign) is a new entry at #18 to the Top 20 in Q2. We questioned a while ago, when [ShortDot took over the operation of TLD .sbs](#), if increased registrations need to lead to increased abuse.



Top-level domains (TLDs) a brief overview

There are a couple of different top-level domains (TLDs) including:

Generic TLDs (gTLDs) - these are under ICANN jurisdiction. Some TLDs are open i.e. can be used by anyone e.g., .com, some have strict policies regulating who and how they can be used e.g., .bank, and some are closed e.g., .honda.

Country code TLDs (ccTLDs) - typically these relate to a country or region. Registries define the policies relating to these TLDs; some allow registrations from anywhere, some require local presence, and some license their namespace wholesale to others.

Most abused top-level domains, Q2 2023 (continued)

Interpreting the data

Registries with a greater number of active domains have greater exposure to abuse. For example, in Q2 2023, **.com** had more than 159m domains, of which 0.001% were associated with botnet C&Cs. Meanwhile, **.rest** had approximately 38k domains, of which 0.627% were associated with botnet C&Cs. Both are in the top ten of our listings. Still, one had a much higher percentage of domains related to botnet C&Cs than the other.

Working together with the industry for a safer internet

Naturally, we prefer no TLDs to have botnet C&Cs linked with them, but we live in the real world and understand there will always be abuse.

What is crucial is that abuse is dealt with quickly. Where necessary, if domain names are registered solely for distributing malware or hosting botnet C&Cs, we would like registries to suspend these domain names. We greatly appreciate the efforts of many registries who work with us to ensure these actions are taken.



New entries

rest (#2), beauty (#10), br (#11),
makeup (#17), cfd (#18), io (#19).

Departures

click, fun, one, online,
space, website.

Most abused top-level domains, Q2 2023 (continued)

Top abused TLDs - number of domains

| Rank | Q1 2023 | Q2 2023 | % Change | TLD | Note |
|------|---------|---------|-----------|--------|-------|
| #1 | 2736 | 1741 | -36% | com | gTLD |
| #2 | - | 238 | New entry | rest | gTLD |
| #3 | 131 | 226 | 73% | shop | gTLD |
| #4 | 541 | 188 | -65% | ru | ccTLD |
| #5 | 69 | 161 | 133% | cloud | gTLD |
| #5 | 76 | 161 | 112% | cyou | gTLD |
| #5 | 1094 | 161 | -85% | top | gTLD |
| #8 | 90 | 157 | 74% | cn | ccTLD |
| #9 | 868 | 95 | -89% | us | ccTLD |
| #10 | - | 94 | New entry | beauty | gTLD |
| #11 | - | 90 | New entry | br | ccTLD |
| #12 | 145 | 85 | -41% | info | gTLD |
| #13 | 242 | 80 | -67% | org | gTLD |
| #14 | 103 | 72 | -30% | xyz | gTLD |
| #15 | 174 | 60 | -66% | net | gTLD |
| #16 | 318 | 50 | -84% | site | gTLD |
| #17 | - | 47 | New entry | makeup | gTLD |
| #18 | - | 44 | New entry | cfid | gTLD |
| #19 | - | 40 | New entry | io | ccTLD |
| #19 | 463 | 40 | -91% | me | ccTLD |

Most abused domain registrars, Q2 2023

Sav suffer significant increases

Having stayed out of the top three, Q2 saw Sav experience an eye-watering 408% increase, placing them at #2. Positioned at the cheaper end of the market, they focus on pseudo-TLDs. Unlike standard TLDs they allow registration of subdomains beneath actual domains. Due to the absence of ICANN fees, these domains can be offered at a lower price. Our researchers suspect that, with Freenom's no longer endless supply of domains, registrars such as Sav promoting cheap prices are inevitably attracting abusive operators.

Namecheap starts to drop down the leaderboard

Having spent years in second place in the Top 20, Namecheap started to experience improvements in Q2, when it dropped to #3 with a -66% decrease in the number of domain names registered by botnet C&C operators. There were also significant decreases for Hostinger (-86%), Google (-85%), and Nicenic (-80%). Nice work!

Hats off to Tucows

For Canadian-based Tucows, the downward trend continues. After holding the top spot in Q4 2022 with 597 domains, Tucows has turned it around over the last six months. Dropping an impressive -75% in Q1 of this year, followed by a further -40% in Q2, with 90 domains associated with botnet C&Cs. Long may the decreases continue!



New entries

InterNetworX (#8), Enom (#17), 101Domain (#18), Todaynic (#19).

Departures

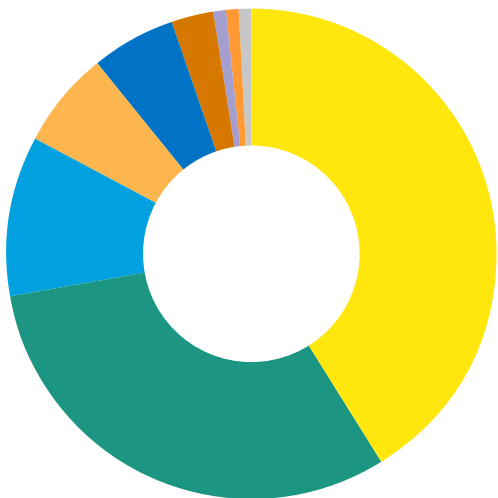
GMO, OwnRegistrar, R01, west263.com.

Most abused domain registrars, Q2 2023 (continued)

Most abused domain registrars - number of domains

| Rank | Q1 2023 | Q2 2023 | % Change | Registrar | Country |
|------|---------|---------|-----------|--------------|---------------|
| #1 | 2109 | 919 | -56% | NameSilo | Canada |
| #2 | 165 | 838 | 408% | Sav | United States |
| #3 | 1152 | 388 | -66% | Namecheap | United States |
| #4 | 626 | 201 | -68% | RegRU | Russia |
| #5 | 613 | 183 | -70% | PDR | India |
| #6 | 108 | 168 | 56% | Xin | China |
| #7 | 149 | 90 | -40% | Tucows | Canada |
| #8 | - | 89 | New entry | InterNetworX | Germany |
| #9 | 375 | 76 | -80% | Nicenic | China |
| #10 | 91 | 60 | -34% | Alibaba | China |
| #11 | 395 | 58 | -85% | Google | United States |
| #12 | 74 | 57 | -23% | Porkbun | United States |
| #13 | 235 | 34 | -86% | Hostinger | Lithuania |
| #14 | 43 | 29 | -33% | Gandi | France |
| #15 | 48 | 25 | -48% | Name.com | United States |
| #16 | 36 | 24 | -33% | Openprovider | China |
| #17 | - | 21 | New entry | ENom | Canada |
| #18 | - | 20 | New entry | 101Domain | Ireland |
| #19 | - | 18 | New entry | Todaynic | China |
| #20 | 46 | 14 | -70% | RU-Center | Russia |

LOCATION OF MOST ABUSED DOMAIN REGISTRARS



| Country | Q2 2023 | Q1 2023 |
|---------------|---------|---------|
| United States | 41.24% | 29.17% |
| Canada | 31.10% | 31.62% |
| China | 10.45% | 15.43% |
| Russia | 6.49% | 10.18% |
| India | 5.53% | 8.58% |
| Germany | 2.69% | n/a |
| Lithuania | 1.03% | 3.29% |
| France | 0.88% | 0.60% |
| Ireland | 0.60% | n/a |

Networks hosting the most newly observed botnet C&Cs, Q2 2023

Does this list reflect how quickly networks deal with abuse?

While this Top 20 listing illustrates that there may be an issue with customer vetting processes at the named network, it doesn't reflect on the speed that abuse desks deal with reported problems. See the next section in this report, "[Networks hosting the most active botnet C&Cs](#)", to view networks where abuse isn't dealt with promptly.

Same providers, different ranks, but tencent.com remains #1

Usually, we see a reasonable amount of fluctuation in the names of network providers hosting botnet C&C infrastructure. However, in Q2, there were only three new entries; constant.com (#12), bt.com (#16), and huawei.com (#17). Sadly, tencent.com remains top of the leaderboard, with an increase of +27% quarter on quarter, taking it to 593 botnet C&Cs in Q2.

Uninet.net.mx is evidently struggling

Q2 saw uninet.net.mx, a Mexican provider, rising from #11 to #5, with the largest percentage increase (+128%) across all networks. We strongly recommend that providers experiencing significant increases relating to botnet C&Cs being hosted on their networks make their registration and vetting procedures more robust.

Thank you for addressing botnet C&C abuse on your network

A note of recognition to frantech.ca, privatelayer.com, and stark-industries.solutions, who all dropped out of the Top 20 in Q2. There were also significant reductions at hetzner.com (-33%), m247.com (-29%), and blnwx.com (-29%). Well done!



Networks and botnet C&C operators

Networks have a reasonable amount of control over operators who fraudulently sign-up for a new service.

A robust customer verification/vetting process should occur before commissioning a service.

Where networks have a high number of listings, it highlights one of the following issues:

1. Networks are not following best practices for customer verification processes.
2. Networks are not ensuring that ALL their resellers follow sound customer verification practices.

In some of the worst-case scenarios, employees or owners of networks are directly benefiting from fraudulent sign-ups, i.e., knowingly taking money from miscreants in return for hosting their botnet C&Cs; however, thankfully, this doesn't often happen.



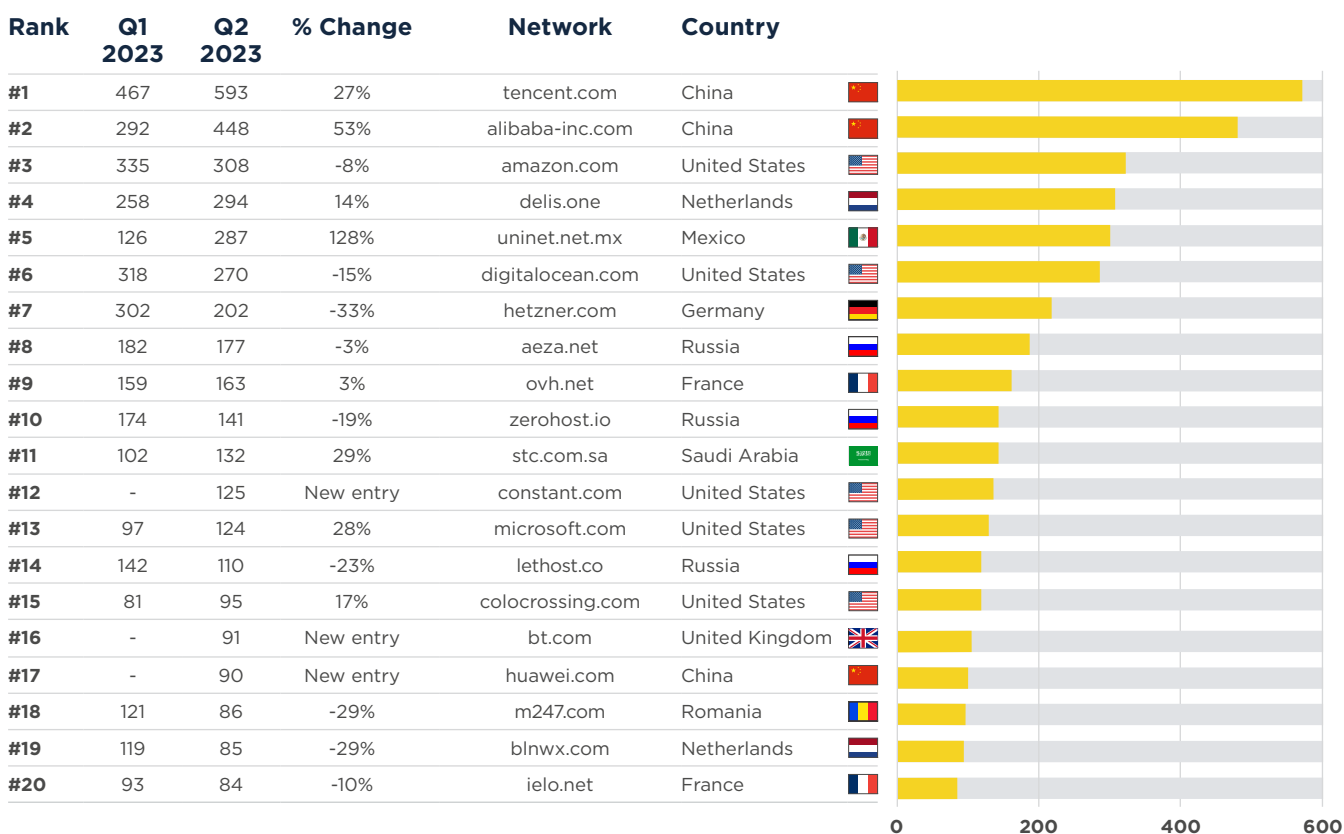
New entries

constant.com (#12), bt.com (#16), huawei.com (#17).

Departures

frantech.ca, privatelayer.com, stark-industries.solutions.

Networks hosting the most newly observed botnet C&Cs, Q2 2023 (continued)



Networks hosting the most active botnet C&Cs, Q2 2023

Finally, let's review the networks that hosted the most significant number of active botnet C&Cs at the end of Q2 2023. Hosting providers in this ranking either have an abuse problem, do not take the appropriate action when receiving abuse reports, or omit to notify us when they have dealt with an abuse problem.

At least the huge increases have ceased...

Last quarter we reported an alarming number of increases relating to networks hosting active botnet C&Cs. Eight network providers experienced triple-figure increases.

Thankfully the largest increase in Q2 was 49% (alibaba-inc.com). Disappointingly, we didn't witness triple-figure decreases, meaning there are still far too many active botnet C&Cs on networks, i.e., providers are still taking too long to deal with abuse reports.

The scale of the problem at the top of the chart

The Top 20 providers who are not quickly resolving botnet C&C issues had 899 active botnet C&Cs on their networks in Q2. Of these, tencent.com (#1), alibaba-inc.com (#2), amazon.com (#3), and digitalocean.com (#4) account for just under 50% of this total.

Admittedly, US-based providers amazon.com and digitalocean.com saw reductions in numbers in Q2, -28% and -33% respectively, which we applaud. Unfortunately, both Chinese-based networks, tencent.com and alibaba-inc.com, saw increases of 37% and 49%, respectively.



New entries

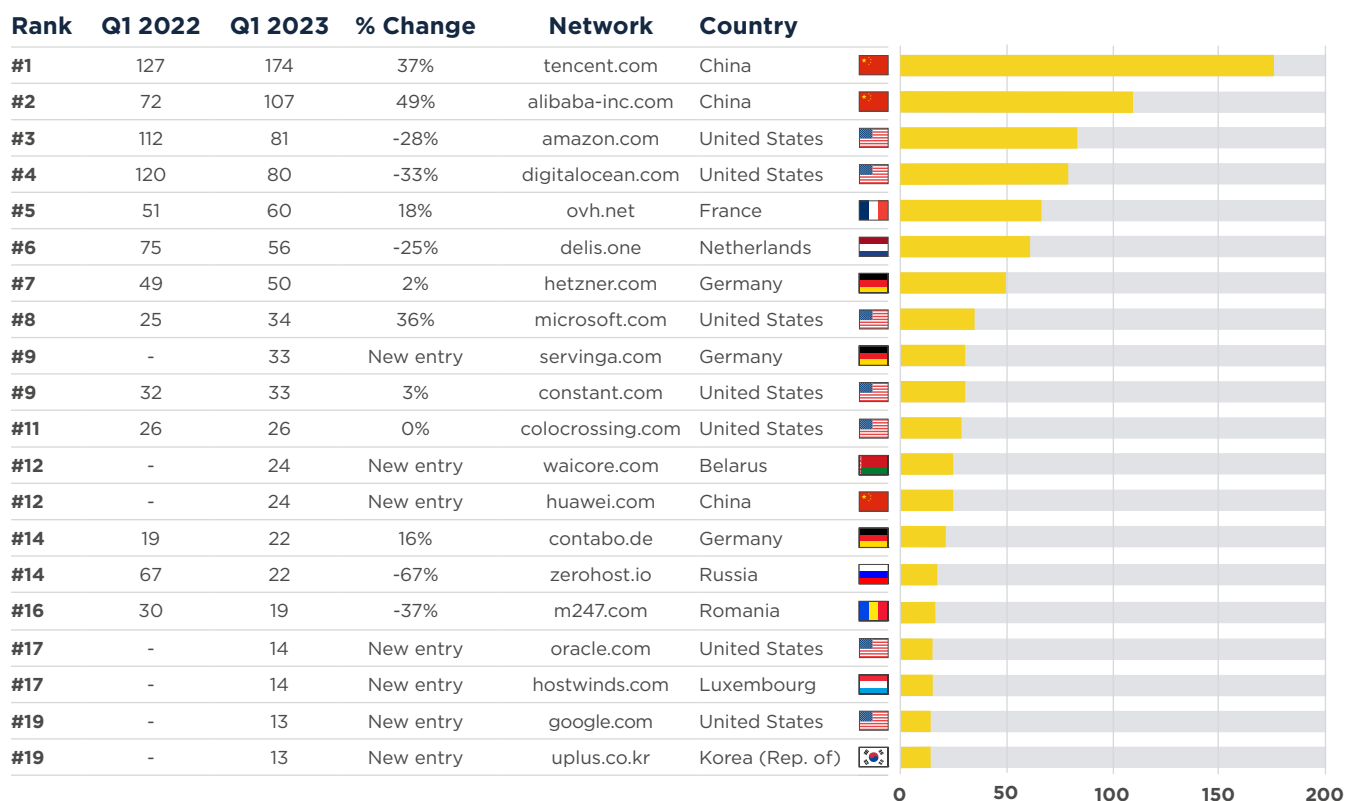
servinga.com (#9), waicore.com (#12), huawei.com (#12), oracle.com (#16), hostwinds.com (#16), google.com (#18), uplus.coo.kr (#18).

Departures

aeze.net, blnwx.com, charter.com, frantech.ca, hivelocity.net, lethost.co, linode.com.

Networks hosting the most active botnet C&Cs, Q2 2023 (continued)

Total number of active botnet C&Cs per network



That's all for now. Stay safe, and see you in October 2023!